RESPONSE TEMPLATE FOR THE EXPOSURE DRAFT OF PROPOSED ISA 240 (REVISED)

Guide for Respondents
Comments are requested by June 5, 2024.

This template is for providing comments on the Exposure Draft (ED) of Proposed International Standard on Auditing 240 (Revised), The Auditor’s Responsibilities Relating to Fraud in an Audit of Financial Statements and Proposed Conforming and Consequential Amendments to Other ISAs (ED-240), in response to the questions set out in the Explanatory Memorandum (EM) to the ED. It also allows for respondent details, demographics and other comments to be provided. Use of the template will facilitate the IAASB’s automated collation of the responses.

You may respond to all questions or only selected questions.

To assist our consideration of your comments, please:

- For each question, start by indicating your overall response using the drop-down menu under each question. Then below that include any detailed comments, as indicated.

- When providing comments:
  - Respond directly to the questions.
  - Provide the rationale for your answers. If you disagree with the proposals in the ED, please provide specific reasons for your disagreement and specific suggestions for changes that may be needed to the requirements, application material or appendices. If you agree with the proposals, it will be helpful for the IAASB to be made aware of this view.
  - Identify the specific aspects of the ED that your response relates to, for example, by reference to sections, headings or specific paragraphs in the ED.
  - Avoid inserting tables or text boxes in the template when providing your responses to the questions because this will complicate the automated collation of the responses.

- Submit your comments, using the response template only, without a covering letter or any summary of your key issues, instead identify any key issues, as far as possible, in your responses to the questions.

The response template provides the opportunity to provide details about your organization and, should you choose to do so, any other matters not raised in specific questions that you wish to place on the public record. All responses will be considered a matter of public record and will ultimately be posted on the IAASB website.

Use the “Submit Comment” button on the ED web page to upload the completed template.
### PART A: Respondent Details and Demographic information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Your organization’s name (or your name if you are making a submission in your personal capacity)</th>
<th>The Malta Institute of Accountants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name(s) of person(s) responsible for this submission (or leave blank if the same as above)</td>
<td>Amanda Zammit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name(s) of contact(s) for this submission (or leave blank if the same as above)</td>
<td><a href="mailto:azammit@miamalta.org">azammit@miamalta.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-mail address(es) of contact(s)</td>
<td><a href="mailto:azammit@miamalta.org">azammit@miamalta.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geographical profile that best represents your situation (i.e., from which geographical perspective are you providing feedback on the ED). Select the most appropriate option.</td>
<td>Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If “Other,” please clarify.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The stakeholder group to which you belong (i.e., from which perspective are you providing feedback on the ED). Select the most appropriate option.</td>
<td>Member body and other professional organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If “Other,” please specify.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Should you choose to do so, you may include information about your organization (or yourself, as applicable).

### Information, if any, not already included in responding to the questions in Part B:

Please note that this is optional. The IAASB’s preference is that you incorporate all your views in your comments to the questions (also, question no. 10 in Part B allows for raising any other matters in relation to the ED).
PART B: Responses to Questions for Respondents in the EM for the ED

For each question, please start with your overall response by selecting one of the items in the drop-down list under the question. Provide your detailed comments, if any, below as indicated.

Responsibilities of the Auditor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.</th>
<th>Does ED-240 clearly set out the auditor’s responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements, including those relating to non-material fraud and third-party fraud?</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(See EM, Section 1-C, paragraphs 13–18 and Section 1-J, paragraphs 91–92)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(See ED, paragraphs 1–11 and 14)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Overall response: **Disagree, with comments below**

Detailed comments (if any):

The definition of fraud in ED-240 includes reference to third party-fraud (A21). The current wording of draft ISA 240 may be understood in a way that expands the role of the auditor to detect any third-party fraud, even when it is not directly related to a risk of material misstatement due to fraud in the financial statements.

Para 92 of Section 1-J – Other Matters states that it is not the intention of IAASB to expand the role of the auditor to detect third-party fraud that is not directly related to a risk of material misstatement due to fraud in the financial statements. We would therefore suggest that ED-240 is revised to better align with the aforementioned intention and make it clear that the auditor's role is not being expanded when considering the detection of third-party fraud.

Professional Skepticism

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2.</th>
<th>Does ED-240 reinforce the exercise of professional skepticism about matters relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements?</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(See EM, Section 1-D, paragraphs 19–28)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(See ED, paragraphs 12–13 and 19–21)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Overall response: **Agree, with comments below**

Detailed comments (if any):

The concept of professional skepticism when undertaking an audit, especially when assessing any possibilities/risks of fraud is already ingrained within the standards and should already be an integral aspect in complying with the requirements of the standards, in particular ISA 240.
However, the removal of the sentence "Unless the auditor has reason to believe the contrary, the auditor may accept records and documents as genuine” may create confusion in respect of the auditor's responsibilities relating to the authenticity of the documents obtained during the audit.

**Risk Identification and Assessment**

3. Does ED-240 appropriately build on the foundational requirements in ISA 315 (Revised 2019) and other ISAs to support a more robust risk identification and assessment as it relates to fraud in an audit of financial statements?

   (See EM, Section 1-F, paragraphs 36–46)

   (See ED, paragraphs 26–42)

**Overall response:** Agree, with comments below

**Detailed comments (if any):**

We agree that ED-240 builds on the foundational requirements in ISA 315 (Revised 2019) and other ISAs to support a more robust risk identification and assessment as it relates to fraud in an audit of financial statements.

We have the following suggestions:

- Extant ISA 240 requires retrospective review of "significant accounting estimates". This is in line with ISA 540 (Revised). In ED-240, "significant" has been removed, and paragraphs 28, A47, and A136 make reference to "accounting estimates". We suggest the term "significant" is added back in order to not unintentionally expand the auditor role to include all accounting estimates, even if insignificant.

- Para A111 of ED-240 sets out circumstances where it may be appropriate to rebut the risk of material misstatement due to fraud in revenue recognition. Examples are included in A111 where fraud risk factors may not be significant. We would suggest that the examples are enhanced to explicitly link up with the fraud risk factors set out in A56 and Appendix 1 (incentive / opportunity / rationalization), particularly their lack of significance, in order to better guide auditors in their fraud risk identification and assessment.

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1 ISA 315 (Revised 2019), Identifying and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement
Fraud or Suspected Fraud

4. Does ED-240 establish robust work effort requirements and application material to address circumstances when instances of fraud or suspected fraud are identified in the audit? 
   (See EM, Section 1-G, paragraphs 47–57 and Section 1-E, paragraph 35) 
   (See ED, paragraphs 55–59 and 66–69) 

Overall response: Agree (with no further comments)

Detailed comments (if any):

Transparency on Fraud-Related Responsibilities and Procedures in the Auditor’s Report

5. Does ED-240 appropriately enhance transparency about matters related to fraud in the auditor’s report?  
   (See EM, Section 1-H, paragraphs 58–78) 
   (See ED, paragraphs 61–64) 

Overall response: Neither agree/disagree, but see comments below

Detailed comments (if any):
ISA 701 already regulates KAM. Hence, this area is already catered for by ISA 701.

6. In your view, should transparency in the auditor’s report about matters related to fraud introduced in ED-240 be applicable to audits of financial statements of entities other than listed entities, such as PIEs?  
   (See EM, Section 1-H, paragraphs 76–77) 
   (See ED, paragraphs 61–64) 

Overall response: Disagree, with comments below 

Detailed comments (if any):
We disagree that the transparency in the auditor's report about matters related to fraud introduced in ED 240 to be made applicable to entities other than PIEs.

Considering a Separate Stand-back Requirement in ED-240

7. Do you agree with the IAASB’s decision not to include a separate stand-back requirement in ED-240 (i.e., to evaluate all relevant audit evidence obtained, whether corroborative or contradictory,
and whether sufficient appropriate audit evidence has been obtained in responding to the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud)?

(See EM, Section 1-J, paragraphs 107–109)

Overall response: **Agree (with no further comments)**

**Detailed comments (if any):**

**Scalability**

8. Do you believe that the IAASB has appropriately integrated scalability considerations in ED-240 (i.e., scalable to entities of different sizes and complexities, given that matters related to fraud in an audit of financial statements are relevant to audits of all entities, regardless of size or complexity)?

(See EM, Section 1-J, paragraph 113)

Overall response: **Disagree, with comments below**

**Detailed comments (if any):**

The way that the ED is written might be interpreted that, when it comes to fraud, the requirements are the same for all entities irrespective of their size and complexity. We recommend that this ED takes into consideration that the design of the audit varies depending on the size and complexity of the entity, among other factors, in line with other ISAs.

**Linkages to Other ISAs**

9. Does ED-240 have appropriate linkages to other ISAs (e.g., ISA 200, ISA 220 (Revised), ISA 315 (Revised 2019), ISA 330, ISA 500, ISA 520, ISA 540 (Revised) and ISA 701) to promote the application of the ISAs in an integrated manner?

(See EM, Section 1-J, paragraphs 81–84)

Overall response: **No response**

**Detailed comments (if any):**

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2 ISA 200, Overall Objectives of the Independent Auditor and the Conduct of an Audit in Accordance with International Standards on Auditing
3 ISA 220 (Revised), Quality Management for an Audit of Financial Statements
4 ISA 330, The Auditor's Responses to Assessed Risks
5 ISA 500, Audit Evidence
6 ISA 520, Analytical Procedures
7 ISA 540 (Revised), Auditing Accounting Estimates and Related Disclosures
8 ISA 701, Communicating Key Audit Matters in the Independent Auditor's Report
### Other Matters

10. Are there any other matters you would like to raise in relation to ED-240? If so, please clearly indicate the requirement(s) or application material, or the theme or topic, to which your comment(s) relate.

**Overall response:** No response

**Detailed comments (if any):**

### Translations

11. Recognizing that many respondents may intend to translate the final ISA for adoption in their own environments, the IAASB welcomes comment on potential translation issues respondents note in reviewing the ED-240.

**Overall response:** No response

**Detailed comments (if any):**

### Effective Date

12. Given the need for national due process and translation, as applicable, and the need to coordinate effective dates with the Going Concern project and the Listed Entity and PIE – Track 2 project, the IAASB believes that an appropriate effective date for the standard would be for financial reporting periods beginning approximately 18 months after approval of the final standard. Earlier application would be permitted and encouraged. Would this provide a sufficient period to support effective implementation of the ISA?

  *(See EM, Section 1-J, paragraphs 115–116)*

  *(See ED, paragraph 16)*

**Overall response:** No response

**Detailed comments (if any):**